

Three Hares Music Curriculum Progression

Year 4	Knowledge	Skills	Vocabulary
Listen and Appraise	<p>To know five songs from memory and who sang them or wrote them. To know the style of the five songs. To choose one song and be able to talk about:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Some of the style indicators of that song (musical characteristics that give the song its style). ● The lyrics: what the song is about. ● Any musical dimensions featured in the song and where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm and pitch). ● Identify the main sections of the song (introduction, verse, chorus etc). ● Name some of the instruments they heard in the song. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To confidently identify and move to the pulse. ● To talk about the musical dimensions working together in the Unit songs eg if the song gets louder in the chorus (dynamics). ● Talk about the music and how it makes them feel. ● Listen carefully and respectfully to other people’s thoughts about the music. ● When you talk try to use musical words 	<p>Vocabulary:</p> <p>Keyboard,</p> <p>electric guitar,</p> <p>bass,</p> <p>drums,</p> <p>improvise,</p> <p>compose,</p>
Games	<p>Know and be able to talk about:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● How pulse, rhythm and pitch work together ● Pulse: Finding the pulse – the heartbeat of the music ● Rhythm: the long and short patterns over the pulse ● Know the difference between pulse and rhythm ● Pitch: High and low sounds that create melodies ● How to keep the internal pulse ● Musical Leadership: creating musical ideas for the group to copy or respond to 	<p>Using the Warm up Games tracks provided, complete the Bronze, Silver and Gold Challenges. Children will complete the following in relation to the main song, using two notes:</p> <p>1. Find the Pulse</p> <p>2. Rhythm Copy Back:</p> <p>a. Bronze: Clap and say back rhythms</p> <p>b. Silver: Create your own simple rhythm patterns</p> <p>c. Gold: Perhaps lead the class using their simple rhythms</p> <p>3. Pitch Copy Back Using 2 Notes</p> <p>a. Bronze: Copy back – ‘Listen and sing back’ (no notation)</p> <p>b. Silver: Copy back with instruments, without then with notation</p> <p>c. Gold: Copy back with instruments, without and then with notation</p> <p>4. Pitch Copy Back and Vocal Warm-ups</p>	<p>melody,</p> <p>pulse,</p> <p>rhythm,</p> <p>pitch,</p> <p>tempo,</p> <p>dynamics,</p> <p>texture,</p>
Singing	<p>To know and be able to talk about:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Singing in a group can be called a choir ● Leader or conductor: A person who the choir or group follow ● Songs can make you feel different things e.g. happy, energetic or sad ● Singing as part of an ensemble or large group is fun, but that you must listen to each other ● Texture: How a solo singer makes a thinner texture than a large group ● To know why you must warm up your voice 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To sing in unison and in simple two-parts. ● To demonstrate a good singing posture. ● To follow a leader when singing. ● To enjoy exploring singing solo. ● To sing with awareness of being ‘in tune’. ● To rejoin the song if lost. ● To listen to the group when singing. 	<p>structure,</p> <p>compose,</p> <p>improvise,</p> <p>hook,</p> <p>riff,</p> <p>melody,</p>

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Playing	<p>To know and be able to talk about:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● The instruments used in class (a glockenspiel, recorder or xylophone). ● Other instruments they might play or be played in a band or orchestra or by their friends. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To treat instruments carefully and with respect. ● Play any one, or all four, differentiated parts on a tuned instrument – a one-note, simple or medium part or the melody of the song from memory or using notation. ● To rehearse and perform their part within the context of the Unit song. ● To listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader. ● To experience leading the playing by making sure everyone plays in the playing section of the song. 	<p>solo, pentatonic scale, unison, rhythm patterns,</p>
Improvisation	<p>To know and be able to talk about improvisation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot ● When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them. ● To know that using one or two notes confidently is better than using five ● To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake ● To know that you can use some of the riffs you have heard in the Challenges in your improvisations 	<p>Improvise using instruments in the context of a song they are learning to perform. Use the improvisation tracks provided and improvise using the Bronze, Silver or Gold Challenges.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Bronze Challenge: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Copy Back – Listen and sing back melodic patterns ○ Play and Improvise – Using instruments, listen and play your own answer using one note. ○ Improvise! – Take it in turns to improvise using one note. ● Silver Challenge: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Sing, Play and Copy Back – Listen and copy back using instruments, using two different notes. ○ Play and Improvise – Using your instruments, listen and play your own answer using one or two notes. ○ Improvise! – Take it in turns to improvise using one or two notes. ● Gold Challenge: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Sing, Play and Copy Back – Listen and copy back using instruments, two different notes. ○ Play and Improvise – Using your instruments, listen and play your own answer using two different notes. ○ Improvise! – Take it in turns to improvise using three different notes. 	<p>musical style, rapping, lyrics, choreography, digital/electronic sounds, turntables, synthesizers, by ear,</p>
Composition	<p>To know and be able to talk about:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● A composition: music that is created by you and kept in some way. It's like writing a story. It can be played or performed again to your friends. ● Different ways of recording compositions (letter names, symbols, audio etc.) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Help create at least one simple melody using one, three or all five different notes. ● Plan and create a section of music that can be performed within the context of the unit song. ● Talk about how it was created. ● Listen to and reflect upon the developing composition and make musical decisions about pulse, rhythm, pitch, dynamics and tempo. ● Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation). 	<p>notation, backing vocal, piano, organ, acoustic guitar,</p>
Performance	<p>To know and be able to talk about:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Performing is sharing music with other people, an audience 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To choose what to perform and create a programme. ● Present a musical performance designed to capture the audience. ● To communicate the meaning of the words and clearly articulate them. 	<p>percussion,</p>

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● A performance doesn't have to be a drama! It can be to one person or to each other ● You need to know and have planned everything that will be performed ● You must sing or rap the words clearly and play with confidence ● A performance can be a special occasion and involve an audience including of people you don't know ● It is planned and different for each occasion ● It involves communicating feelings, thoughts and ideas about the song/music 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To talk about the best place to be when performing and how to stand or sit. ● To record the performance and say how they were feeling, what they were pleased with what they would change and why. 	<p>birdsong, civil rights, racism, equality.</p>
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